SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier LPS® 2 (Aerosol)

Other means of identification
Part Number C30216

Recommended use An industrial lubricant designed to displace moisture from equipment, provide heavy-duty lubrication and rust prevention.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer
Company name ITW Pro Brands
Address 4647 Hugh Howell Rd.
Tucker, GA 30084
Country (U.S.A.)
Tel: +1 770-243-8800
In Case of Emergency 1-800-424-9300
1-703-527-3887
Website www.lpslabs.com
E-mail lpssds@itwprobrands.com

Supplier ITW Permatex Canada
1-35 Brownridge Road
Halton Hills, ON, L7G 0C6
Canada
1-800-241-8334

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1
Gases under pressure Compressed gas

Health hazards Not classified.

Environmental hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statement
Prevention Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response Wash hands after handling.
Storage Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Other hazards Combustible.

Supplemental information None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Material name: LPS® 2 (Aerosol)
C30216 Version #: 02 Revision date: 09-20-2017 Issue date: 11-01-2016
### 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation**
Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

**Skin contact**
No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

**Eye contact**
No specific first aid measures noted.

**Ingestion**
Not likely, due to the form of the product.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**
Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

**General information**
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**
Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**
Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

**Fire fighting equipment/instructions**

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

**Specific methods**
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

**General fire hazards**
Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. Combustible.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions**
Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACGIH Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates Petroleum</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Oil mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Oil mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Oil (CAS 64742-52-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Oil mist</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>54000 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9000 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>15000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>54000 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Biological limit values
No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines
Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls
Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection
Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
Other Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.
Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations
When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Physical state Gas.
Form Aerosol.
Color Brown.
Odor Slight petroleum odor. Cherry.
Odor threshold Not established
pH Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point < -58 °F (< -50 °C)
Initial boiling point and boiling range 383 °F (195 °C) @ 101 kPa
Flash point 174.2 °F (79.0 °C) Tag Closed Cup (dispensed liquid)
Evaporation rate < 0.1 BuAc
Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable gas.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%) 0.6 %
Flammability limit - upper (%) 7 %
Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure < 0.05 mm Hg @ 20°C (dispensed liquid)
Vapor density 4.7 (air = 1)
Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)
Solubility (water) < 3 %
Partition coefficient
(n-octanol/water)  
< 1

Auto-ignition temperature  
> 442.4 °F (> 228 °C)

Decomposition temperature  
Not established

Viscosity  
< 7 cSt

Viscosity temperature  
77 °F (25 °C)

Other information
Explosive properties  
Not explosive.

Heat of combustion  
> 30 kJ/g

Oxidizing properties  
Not oxidizing.

Percent volatile  
92 - 95 %

Specific gravity  
0.82 - 0.86 @ 20°C

10. Stability and reactivity
Reactivity  
The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability  
Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions  
Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid  
Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials  
Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products  
Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information
Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation  
Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact  
No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

Eye contact  
Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion  
Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics  
Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity  
Not expected to be acutely toxic.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 4.5 mg/l, 4 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Oil (CAS 64742-52-5)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 3.9 mg/l, 4 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin corrosion/irritation  
Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation  
Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization
Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization
This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity
This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity
This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Not classified.

Aspiration hazard
Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Chronic effects
Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Further information
None known.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rainbow trout,donaldson trout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Oncorhynchus mykiss)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.9 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)
LPS® 2 (Aerosol) < 1

Mobility in soil
No data available.

Other adverse effects
None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging
Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number: UN1950
UN proper shipping name: Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)
Class: 2.1
Subsidiary risk: -
Packing group: Not available.
Environmental hazards: No
Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number: UN1950
UN proper shipping name: Aerosols, flammable
### Transport hazard class(es)
- **Class**: 2.1
- **Subsidiary risk**: -
- **Label(s)**: 2.1

### Packing group
- Not available.

### Environmental hazards
- No.

### ERG Code
- 10L

### Special precautions for user
- Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

### Other information
- **Passenger and cargo aircraft**: Allowed with restrictions.
- **Cargo aircraft only**: Allowed with restrictions.

### IMDG
- **UN number**: UN1950
- **UN proper shipping name**: AEROSOLS, flammable

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
- IATA; IMDG; TDG

### General information
- Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

### 15. Regulatory information

#### Canadian regulations
- This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

- **Controlled Drugs and Substances Act**: Not regulated.
- **Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)**: Not listed.
- **Greenhouse Gases**: CARBON DIOXIDE (CAS 124-38-9)
- **Precursor Control Regulations**: Not regulated.

#### International regulations
- Additional information is given in the Safety Data Sheet.
Stockholm Convention
Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention
Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol
CARBON DIOXIDE (CAS 124-38-9) Listed.

Montreal Protocol
Not applicable.

Basel Convention
Not applicable.

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date: 11-01-2016
Revision date: 09-20-2017
Version #: 02

Disclaimer
ITW Pro Brands cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user’s responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision information
This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.