1. Identification

Product identifier: LPS® LST (Aerosol)

Other means of identification:
- Part Number: 01916, C01916

Recommended use: An industrial penetrant designed to penetrate rust and loosen seized bolts and other equipment damaged by corrosion.

Recommended restrictions: None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer
- Company name: ITW Pro Brands
- Address: 4647 Hugh Howell Rd.
  Tucker, GA 30084
- Country: (U.S.A.)
- Tel: +1 770-243-8800
- In Case of Emergency: 1-800-424-9300
- 1-703-527-3887
- Website: www.lpslabs.com
- E-mail: lpssds@itwprobrands.com

Supplier
- ITW Permatex Canada
- 1-35 Brownridge Road
  Halton Hills, ON, L7G 0C6
- Canada
- 1-800-241-8334

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards:
- Flammable aerosols Category 1
- Gases under pressure Compressed gas

Health hazards:
- Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards: Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement:
Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statement
- Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Response: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Storage: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
- Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards: Combustible.

Supplemental information: None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures
### Chemicals:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light</td>
<td></td>
<td>64742-47-8</td>
<td>80 - 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med</td>
<td></td>
<td>64742-46-7</td>
<td>1 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide</td>
<td></td>
<td>124-38-9</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzenesulfonic Acid, Mono-c16-24-alkyl Derivs.,</td>
<td>Calcium Salts</td>
<td>70024-69-0</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic</td>
<td></td>
<td>64742-52-5</td>
<td>0.41</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

### 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation**  
Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

**Skin contact**  
No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

**Eye contact**  
No specific first aid measures noted.

**Ingestion**  
Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**  
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**  
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**  
Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**  
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**  
Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**  
Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

**Fire fighting equipment/instructions**  
In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

**Specific methods**  
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

**General fire hazards**  
Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**  
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**  
Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

**Environmental precautions**  
Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in a well-ventilated place. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Oil mist</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>54000 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9000 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>15000 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Non-aerosol.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>54000 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9000 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)</td>
<td>15 minute</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8 hour</td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limit values
No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)
Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls
Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection
Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection
Hand protection
Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other
Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection
If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.

Thermal hazards
Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations
When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Physical state
Gas.
Form
Aerosol. Compressed gas.
Color
Clear.
Odor
Vanilla.
Odor threshold
Not available.
pH
Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point
Not established
Initial boiling point and boiling range
383 °F (195 °C)
Flash point
174.2 °F (79.0 °C) Tag Closed Cup
Evaporation rate
< 0.7 BuAc
Flammability (solid, gas)
Flammable gas.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%) Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg @ 20°C
Vapor density 4.7
Relative density Not available.
Solubility(ies)
Solubility (water) < 0.1 %
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) > 1
Auto-ignition temperature Not established
Decomposition temperature Not established
Viscosity Not established

Other information
Explosive properties Not explosive.
Heat of combustion > 30 kJ/g
Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile 96 - 99 %
Specific gravity 0.79 - 0.81 @ 20°C
VOC 0 % per US State and Federal Consumer Product Regulations

10. Stability and reactivity
Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components Species Test Results
Benzenesulfonic Acid, Mono-c16-24-alkyl Derivs., Calcium Salts (CAS 70024-69-0)
Acute Rat > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Dermal
LD50

Material name: LPS® LST (Aerosol)
01916, C01916 Version #: 03 Revision date: 02-18-2019 Issue date: 08-03-2016 SDS CANADA
### Components Test Results Species

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Oral LD50</th>
<th>Rat</th>
<th>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Dermal LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Dermal LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation Vapor LC50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 4.5 mg/l, 4 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 0.1 mg/l, 8 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med (CAS 64742-46-7)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Dermal LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</td>
<td>Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Respiratory or skin sensitization</td>
<td>Not a respiratory sensitizer.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Respiratory sensitization</td>
<td>This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin sensitization</td>
<td>No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germ cell mutagenicity</td>
<td>This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
<td>This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reproductive toxicity</td>
<td>Not classified.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</td>
<td>Not classified.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</td>
<td>Not classified.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration hazard</td>
<td>May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic effects</td>
<td>Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity**
The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Fish LC50</td>
<td>Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)</td>
<td>2.9 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Persistence and degradability**

**Bioaccumulative potential**
13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

D003: Waste Reactive material

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS, flammable

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1

Class 2.1

Subsidiary risk -

Packing group Not available.

Environmental hazards No

Special precautions for user Not available.

IATA

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1

Class 2.1

Subsidiary risk -

Packing group Not available.

Environmental hazards No

ERG Code 10L

Special precautions for user Not available.

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS

Transport hazard class(es) 2

Class 2

Subsidiary risk -

Packing group Not available.

Environmental hazards Marine pollutant No

EmS F-D, S-U

Special precautions for user Not available.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.
Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act
Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)
Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Precursor Control Regulations
Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention
Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention
Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Listed.

Montreal Protocol
Not applicable.

Basel Convention
Not applicable.

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
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<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
16. Other information

Issue date 08-03-2016
Revision date 02-18-2019
Version # 03

Disclaimer
ITW Pro Brands cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user’s responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision information
Hazard identification: Supplemental information
Composition / Information on Ingredients: Disclosure Overrides
Composition/information on ingredients: Component information